# **SENATE BILL No. 594**

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

IC 20-12-70; IC 31-37; IC 35-47-10-5;

**Synopsis:** Possession of firearms by minors. Increases the penalty for dangerous possession of a firearm from a Class A misdemeanor to a Class D felony. Provides for a nonsuspendible period of incarceration. Makes dangerous possession of a firearm by a child who is less than 16 years of age a delinquent act under the exclusive jurisdiction of the juvenile court. (Current law does not address the appropriate jurisdiction for a case involving the dangerous possession of a firearm by a child who is less than 16 years of age.) Provides for a minimum

period of confinement in a secure facility. Makes conforming changes.

Effective: July 1, 1999.

**Citations Affected:** 

IC 35-50-2-2.

## Clark

January 21, 1999, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections, Criminal and Civil Procedures.



#### First Regular Session 111th General Assembly (1999)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 1998 General Assembly.

### SENATE BILL No. 594

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 20-12-70-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 2. As used in this
3	chapter, "eligible student" means a student who meets the following
4	requirements:
5	(1) Is a resident of Indiana.
6	(2) Is enrolled in grade 8 at a public or an accredited nonpublic
7	school.
8	(3) Is eligible for free or reduced priced lunches under the
9	national school lunch program.
10	(4) Agrees in writing, together with the student's custodial parents
11	or guardian, that the student will:
12	(A) graduate from a secondary school located in Indiana that
13	meets the admission criteria of an institution of higher
14	learning;
15	(B) not illegally use controlled substances (as defined in
16	IC 35-48-1-9);
17	(C) not commit a crime or infraction described in IC 9-30-5;







1	(D) not commit any other crime or delinquent act (as described			
2	in IC 31-37-1-2, <b>IC 31-37-1-3</b> , or IC 31-37-2-2 through			
3	IC 31-37-2-5 (or IC 31-6-4-1(a)(1) through IC 31-6-4-1(a)(5)			
4	before their repeal));			
5	(E) when the eligible student is a senior in high school, timely			
6	apply:			
7	(i) to an institution of higher learning for admission; and			
8	(ii) for any federal and state student financial assistance			
9	available to the eligible student to attend an institution of			
10	higher learning; and			
11	(F) achieve a cumulative grade point average upon graduation			
12	of at least 2.0 on a 4.0 grading scale (or its equivalent if			
13	another grading scale is used) for courses taken during grades			
14	9, 10, 11, and 12.			
15	SECTION 2. IC 20-12-70-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS			
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 6. As used in this			
17	chapter, "scholarship applicant" means a student who meets the			
18	following requirements:			
19	(1) Was an eligible student under section 2 of this chapter.			
20	(2) Is a resident of Indiana.			
21	(3) Has graduated from a secondary school located in Indiana that			
22	meets the admission criteria of an institution of higher learning.			
23	(4) Has applied to attend and has been accepted to attend an			
24	institution of higher learning as a full-time student.			
25	(5) Certifies in writing that the student has:			
26	(A) not illegally used controlled substances (as defined in			
27	IC 35-48-1-9);			
28	(B) not illegally consumed alcoholic beverages;			
29	(C) not committed any other crime or a delinquent act (as			
30	described in IC 31-37-1-2, IC 31-37-1-3, or IC 31-37-2-2			
31	through IC 31-37-2-5 (or IC 31-6-4-1(a)(1) through			
32	IC 31-6-4-1(a)(5) before their repeal)); and			
33	(D) timely filed an application for other types of financial			
34	assistance available to the student from the state or federal			
35	government.			
36	SECTION 3. IC 31-37-1-3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE			
37	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY			
38	1, 1999]: Sec. 3. A child commits a delinquent act if, before			
39	becoming sixteen (16) years of age, the child violates IC 35-47-10-5			
40	concerning the dangerous possession of a firearm.			
41	SECTION 4. IC 31-37-19-28 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA			
42	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS			



1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 28. (a) This section applies if,
2	before becoming sixteen (16) years of age, the child violates
3	IC 35-47-10-5.
4	(b) If the child is adjudicated a delinquent child, the court shall
5	order:
6	(1) confinement of the child in a secure facility authorized
7	under this chapter; or
8	(2) placement of the child in a facility that uses a quasi
9	military program for rehabilitative purposes;
10	for one hundred twenty (120) days. Notwithstanding IC 11-10-2-5,
11	the department of correction may not reduce the period ordered
12	under this section.
13	SECTION 5. IC 35-47-10-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 5. A child who
15	knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly:
16	(1) possesses a firearm for any purpose other than a purpose
17	described in section 1 of this chapter; or
18	(2) provides a firearm to another child with or without
19	remuneration for any purpose other than a purpose described in
20	section 1 of this chapter;
21	commits dangerous possession of a firearm, a Class A misdemeanor
22	Class D felony. However, the offense is a Class C felony if the child
23	has a prior conviction under this section.
24	SECTION 6. IC 35-50-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1999]: Sec. 2. (a) The court may
26	suspend any part of a sentence for a felony, except as provided in this
27	section or in section 2.1 of this chapter.
28	(b) With respect to the crimes listed in this subsection, the court
29	may suspend only that part of the sentence that is in excess of the
30	minimum sentence:
31	(1) The crime committed was a Class A or Class B felony and the
32	person has a prior unrelated felony conviction.
33	(2) The crime committed was a Class C felony and less than seven
34	(7) years have elapsed between the date the person was
35	discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever
36	is later, for a prior unrelated felony conviction and the date the
37	person committed the Class C felony for which the person is
38	being sentenced.
39	(3) The crime committed was a Class D felony and less than three
40	(3) years have elapsed between the date the person was
41	discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever
42	is later, for a prior unrelated felony conviction and the date the



1	person committed the Class D felony for which the person is
2	being sentenced. However, the court may suspend the minimum
3	sentence for the crime only if the court orders home detention
4	under IC 35-38-1-21 or IC 35-38-2.5-5 instead of the minimum
5	sentence specified for the crime under this chapter.
6	(4) The felony committed was:
7	(A) murder (IC 35-42-1-1);
8	(B) battery (IC 35-42-2-1) with a deadly weapon;
9	(C) sexual battery (IC 35-42-4-8) with a deadly weapon;
.0	(D) kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2);
.1	(E) confinement (IC 35-42-3-3) with a deadly weapon;
2	(F) rape (IC 35-42-4-1) as a Class A felony;
.3	(G) criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2) as a Class A
4	felony;
.5	(H) child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3) as a Class A or Class B
6	felony;
.7	(I) robbery (IC 35-42-5-1) resulting in serious bodily injury or
8	with a deadly weapon;
9	(J) arson (IC 35-43-1-1) for hire or resulting in serious bodily
20	injury;
21	(K) burglary (IC 35-43-2-1) resulting in serious bodily injury
22	or with a deadly weapon;
23	(L) resisting law enforcement (IC 35-44-3-3) with a deadly
24	weapon;
25	(M) escape (IC 35-44-3-5) with a deadly weapon;
26	(N) rioting (IC 35-45-1-2) with a deadly weapon;
27	(O) dealing in cocaine or a narcotic drug (IC 35-48-4-1) as a
28	Class A felony;
29	(P) dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance
80	(IC 35-48-4-2) if the amount of controlled substance involved
31	has an aggregate weight of three (3) grams or more;
32	(Q) an offense under IC 9-30-5 (operating a vehicle while
33	intoxicated) and the person who committed the offense has
34	accumulated at least two (2) prior unrelated convictions under
35	IC 9-30-5; or
86	(R) aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5).
37	(c) Except as provided in subsection (e), whenever the court
88	suspends a sentence for a felony, it shall place the person on probation
39	under IC 35-38-2 for a fixed period to end not later than the date that
10	the maximum sentence that may be imposed for the felony will expire.
1	(d) The minimum sentence for a person convicted of voluntary
12	manslaughter may not be suspended unless the court finds at the



1	sentencing hearing that the crime was not committed by means of a	
2	deadly weapon.	
3	• •	
3 4	(e) Whenever the court suspends that part of an offender's (as defined in IC 5-2-12-4) sentence that is suspendible under subsection	
5	(b), the court shall place the offender on probation under IC 35-38-2 for	
6	not more than ten (10) years.	
7	· · · ·	
8	(f) An additional term of imprisonment imposed under IC 35-50-2-11 may not be suspended.	
9	* *	
10	(g) A term of imprisonment imposed under IC 35-47-10-6 or	
	IC 35-47-10-7 may not be suspended if the commission of the offense	
11	was knowing or intentional.	
12	(h) A court may suspend only that part of the term of	
13	imprisonment that is in excess of the minimum sentence for an	
14	offense under IC 35-47-10-5 if:	
15	(1) the offender is at least sixteen (16) years of age; and	
16	(2) the commission of the offense involved the knowing or	
17	intentional possession of a firearm that was capable of being	
18	concealed on the body, in the clothing, or under the clothing	
19	of the offender.	
20	The court may not place an offender described in this subsection	
21	on home detention under IC 35-38-1-21 or in a community	
22	correction program under IC 35-38-2.6.	

